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APPLICATION NO.		FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/556,800		11/15/2005	Sumihiko Maeno	280246US3PCT	9027
22850	7590	10/04/2006		EXAMINER	
C. IRVIN			TOLAN, EDWARD THOMAS		
OBLON, SPIVAK, MCCLELLAND, MAIER & NEUSTADT, P.C. 1940 DUKE STREET				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
ALEXANDRIA, VA 22314			3725		
				DATE MAILED: 10/04/2006	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
Office Asticus Occurrence	10/556,800	MAENO ET AL.					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	Edward Tolan	3725					
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).							
Status							
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on							
_	-· action is non-final.						
· <u> </u>	,—						
closed in accordance with the practice under E	-						
Disposition of Claims							
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-6</u> is/are pending in the application.							
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-6</u> is/are rejected.							
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
<u> </u>							
,	cicolon requirement.						
Application Papers							
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.							
10) \boxtimes The drawing(s) filed on <u>15 November 2005</u> is/are: a) \boxtimes accepted or b) \square objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).							
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of:							
·	 Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 						
·							
3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior		ed in this National Stage					
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the contified copies not received.							
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.							
Attachment(s)							
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)							
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date Notice of Informal Patent Application							
Paper No(s)/Mail Date 6) Other:							

Application/Control Number: 10/556,800

Art Unit: 3725

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Braeuninger (3,520,168) in view of Malas et al. (6,233,500). Braeuninger discloses providing a hollow die (13) wherein feederholes (17) are used in dividing light metal material streams and joining them in a welding chamber prior to extrusion through the die. Braeuninger discloses that feederhole and die orifice geometry including bearing design (column 4, lines 18-22 and 45-57) are parameters used in design for improving a feederhole die (column 3, lines 27-31) and providing better welds (column 3, lines 37-41). In column 5, lines 45-67 Braeuninger discloses that changes in geometry of the feederholes and their configurations affect a welding chamber area and empirical relations are derived in terms of extrusion pressures to move the extrusion through the die (Pn) and a pressure drop (Pd) to move the metal into the feederholes. A pressure (Pe) at the welding chamber is calculated and graph 2 is used to obtain values of billet and feederhole geometry (area and plate thickness) that maximize extrusion efficiency. Braeuninger does not disclose a strain level at the welding chamber. Malas teaches (column 8, lines 30-61 and column 9, lines 1-23) that it is known to attain a strain level of 2 in an extrusion process by determining a strain rate ($\varepsilon(t)$) and setting parameters of

Application/Control Number: 10/556,800

Art Unit: 3725

die geometry, ram velocity and billet temperature. It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art at the time of invention to use experimental strain rate empirical data as taught by Malas in the invention of Braueninger in order to develop material microstructural considerations when calculating the feederhole and die geometry in order to produce strong welds.

The skilled artisan at the time of invention would have been motivated to experiment with strain levels and rates which are dependent upon known die geometry and extrusion temperature and ram pressure considerations when designing a feederhole hollow die in order to provide an extrusion product with strong welds.

Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Any inquiry concerning this communication should be directed to Ed Tolan whose telephone number is 571-272-4525.

ED TOLAN
PRIMARY EXAMINER

Page 3

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